IRSA - PROPOSTAS DE GRUPOS DE TRABALHO (ATÉ 01 DE SETEMBRO) - GRUPOS DE TRABALHO PARA CONGRESSO DA IRSA

COMMODITY SYSTEMS IN THE ANTHROPOCENE

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Commodity Systems analysis was developed in the 1980s by Dr. William (Bill) Friedland as a conceptual framework and research methodology in the sociology of agrifood systems to identify all actors and their relative power along the commodity chain, and to expand the chain focus to include the institutional governance framework of the state, corporations, labor, farmers, science/universities, consumers, and social movements. The concept of the Anthropocene has emerged recently to describe the geologic era where human activity has become the dominant factor shaping climate change and the environment, pushing many environmental activities beyond sustainable planetary boundaries. The agrifood sector is a major contributor to GHG emissions, climate change, and environmental degradation; the global livestock sector is of particular concern. This Working Group invites papers that investigate how specific commodity systems are responding to the challenges of

climate change and long-term agrifood system sustainability through adaptation, mitigation, and/or other paths of transition, transformation, and contested governance. Case studies of local, regional, national, and global commodity systems are welcome. The Working Group seeks papers that take a broader “commodity systems” approach to the challenges and opportunities facing commodity production in the Anthropocene. Papers from the working group will be selected for possible publication in the International Journal of Sociology of Agriculture and Food (IJSAF), the official journal of Research Committee 40 on Agriculture and Food of the International Sociological Association (ISA).

Palavras-chave: anthropocene; commodity systems; agrifood; sustainability.